	T
Organisation	Royal Conservatoire of Scotland
Question 1: how should the outcomes framework	We would suggest that priorities could now evolve to align with the renewed strategic objectives of
currently in place for UIF evolve to ensure University	Scottish Government and Scottish Funding Council, but the collaborative ethos and collective
KEIF is structured to deliver on its renewed purpose	approach to success should remain. This has been one of the most positive outcomes of the UIF
and has the right strategic drivers and incentives in	years: a connected and collaborative KE&I community in Scotland working together with shared
place?	ambition for success.
	When we have gathered a fuller picture of the success of the last five years it will be easier to
	articulate the most effective drivers and incentives. There is such diversity of strengths and
	experience in the HEI system, and a richer understanding and valuing of that diversity will ensure that
	the drivers and incentives work for the whole community.
	the drivers and interferes work for the whole community.
	As a collective community we will need to reassess the 7 outcomes and re-assess their fit with new
	economic strategy, the post-Covid reality, SDG priorities, net zero, and key concepts like the wellbeing
	economy. There have, of course, been significant policy and contextual changes since they were set.
	economy. There have, or course, been significant policy and contextual changes since they were set.
	The outcomes framework would be strongthened by switching to 2 year planning evelos, enabling
	The outcomes framework would be strengthened by switching to 3-year planning cycles, enabling
	longer term planning, collaborative effort and increased ambition for KE&I in Scotland.
Question 2: what are your views on the current UIF	In our experience, the KEC has been very effective in developing the institutional discourse around
collaborative framework, how could this evolve and	mission and culture, and in developing and connecting infrastructure. As it is not a competitive
be sustained to support further good practice and	process, it encourages an honest reflection of strengths, opportunities and challenges. Not only does
purposeful collaboration? Is there a role for the	it open up the potential for meaningful collaboration across the HEI sector, it opens up the
Knowledge Exchange Concordat in this context or	opportunity for more meaningful KE connections within and across our institutions, helping to
more generally?	develop a new understanding of KE and place it at the heart of our institutions.
	As a collective, we have shared ambitious targets for the UIF, but lack the resource for ongoing
	meaningful collaboration. However, at the Conservatoire, we have developed one very successful
	programme SHIFT, in collaboration with partners from GSA and QMU. Delivered annually as a 5-day
	intensive training programme, SHIFT supports 100 participants annually to develop entrepreneurial
	skills and thinking, supporting their start up ideas on graduation. The first three years of the

programme are about to be evaluated while the 4th programme is about to open for recruitment. The longer-term ambition to scale-up SHIFT would need further funding, and this is a good example of ambition vs resource.

The working groups have been a critical part of the collaborative piece, building new relationships, and getting to grips with KE-related opportunities. While we are small, we have contributed to as many of these as we can.

There is no doubt that the UIF has been a game changer for the Conservatoire as it gave us the means to participate actively in many groups and forums, at a level that had not been possible before.

We see that the KEC has a positive place in a future structure, enabling reflection and continuous improvement and raising the status of KE & I within institutions.

Question 3: what are your views on how the impact and outcomes of University KEIF should be measured, including the role of metrics or other indicators in any future funding and allocation model? We would welcome views on current or potential good practice regarding measuring net-zero KE&I activities and outcomes.

The existing UIF model enabled a critical developmental phase in the growth of the KE&I system in Scotland. It was open, inclusive, and exploratory. However, even though we worked to gather collective evidence and impact, this did not always relate to the work that we each do, on the ground in our own institutions. The next model needs to take this learning and insight and strike a balance between each HEI's own journey of success, how they contribute to the wider ecology, and the collective story of success across the whole KE&I system.

The Logic Model format that we used collectively seems to work well as a way of achieving a balance of narratives and numbers and can work well with a wide range of success scenarios from civic engagement to scaling businesses.

Metrics and indicators that reflect quantity of activities and engagements and deeper-level outcomes and impacts are worth considering here also. HE-BCI offers some important metrics that could possibly be adapted. There are also questions of scale versus impact.

As a small specialist institution, we would be interested in exploring how our metrics could begin to assess our relative impact for our size. Where do small specialists play a disproportionate role in

	meeting national strategic objectives in relation to size? There is a danger that raw, unscaled, metrics
	will underplay the relative contribution of an institution like the Conservatoire.
	will drider play the relative contribution of an institution like the conservatorie.
	Impact case studies could also play a role in metrics and outcomes and could become a part of
	reporting protocols. These could permit a wider understanding of institutional impact, avoiding the
	linear conception of impact that underpins REF.
	intear conception of impact that underpins KET.
	Each HEI will have a different context and therefore different baseline. Ensuring that each baseline is
	aligned with the strategic priorities of our HEIs, with appropriate stretch targets, will set ambition for
	KE&I.
Question 4: how could the University KEIF, with	There is potential to work with colleges on the macro Challenges around place, green recovery and
Interface, help support collaboration with colleges,	net zero. It is only the limited capacity of staff that creates barriers to this for the Conservatoire. We
	, , ,
collectively supporting Scotland's SME base to be	would welcome a chance to build closer relationships with the college sector and have worked closely
more innovative?	with that sector in the past in key areas such as (theatre) production design.
Question 5: how could core capacity funding (College	N/A
KEIF) best support colleges to be effective agents of	
KE&I? We would particularly like to learn from	
colleges directly on what KE&I means to them and	
where capacity is needed to deliver this effectively,	
which could include building on current practice.	
Question 6: we would welcome views on what	Five years has been an appropriate length of first cycle for UIF.
would be an appropriate period for SFC to run the	
first cycle of College KEIF before formally reviewing it	
and establishing a mature model for future years.	
Question 7: we would welcome views on the	A number of areas of value are apparent to us:
potential value of using College KEIF to create	
frameworks for collaboration and sharing of good	Building capacity (It is not only our lack of capacity that inhibits collaboration with colleges; it's theirs
practice across the colleges, and with universities.	too.)

Education (For example, delivering a significant increase in availability and uptake of high quality, entrepreneurially- informed teaching which provides students with fundamental skills to develop their entrepreneurial journey.)

Environment (Creating the wraparound conditions that will support students and staff to develop ideas and mindset. Examples include focus on improving diversity, embedding inter-disciplinarity, access to facilities and expertise.)

Activity (Building out from existing national programmes which are delivering benefit e.g. Converge Challenge, Bridge 2 Business, while supporting universities and colleges to share learning and best practice from their existing portfolios. We could consider new inclusive programmes for students to build their entrepreneurial thinking; whether forming an enterprise is the goal or not.)

Architecture (The architecture to support that change might be through sector wide agreements, a concordat-style approach, setting the good practice benchmarks or by using hubs and spokes where existing leadership in particular areas can be identified.)

Question 8: our review recommended that we codesign the Entrepreneurial Campus strategy with colleges and universities. We would welcome views on what is proposed in this consultation, including potential opportunities, weaknesses and gaps. The Conservatoire welcomes the Entrepreneurial Campus proposal and looks forward to co-creating this with partners. We particularly welcome the broad approach to entrepreneurship that actively encourages a more diverse entrepreneurial landscape, including the significant potential of artists and creative entrepreneurs to be supported to fully contribute to transformational change and a wellbeing economy. We are excited about the potential this presents for us to create a further step-change in how artists lead and contribute to economic and societal change.

We have participated in the Enterprise Support Group working group (RCDG sub group), gathering insights and ideas from colleagues across the KE&I system. We therefore support the proposal submitted by the ESG and are confident that this offers scale, breadth and depth for the road ahead.

We would supplement the ESG proposal with a couple of comments that relate to the particular context and expertise of the Conservatoire.

Education:

Entrepreneurial Campus has opened up a space for us to seek to connect our work in Learning and Teaching with that of our KE and Innovation team. This, along with an impending curriculum review for all undergraduate programmes at the Conservatoire, invites us to develop a thread from within the heart of our programmes through to our wrapround services and interventions of the KE&I team. This will greatly increase engagement and participation in our co-curricular offers, as well as allowing a better alignment of approaches, priorities and themes. This will allow us to develop a wider funnel approach for our more intensive initiatives in micro finance and start up support.

Environment:

The initiatives and support provided by our KE & Innovation team are broad and varied in scope, tailored to the areas of greatest interest and need for our community. As this work is led by the KE&I team, it always takes an interdisciplinary approach, aims to enhance the specific learning from within the formal programmes, and access a different pool of industry expertise to benefit the community, helping to forge new relationships and perspectives beyond the scope of their programme discipline. This enhances the experience of those who participate and also ensures that we are not duplicating learning that is already available to them elsewhere in their highly-vocational courses. There are very particular challenges for those working in the arts and creative industries, with more significant challenges than ever after the pandemic.

Activity:

Our Innovation Studio pilot over the next two years seeks to create a new pipeline of engagement and activity for our staff, students and recent alumni. It is framed around an Innovation Challenge model, and over two years will contribute £75k in micro finance initiatives, employ two Innovators in Residence, and help to catalyse, shape and articulate a collective contribution from across the Conservatoire in key thematic areas such as Green Recovery, Placemaking and Health and Wellbeing.

Our hope is that through this initiative and other bespoke approaches, we can create significant interest and growth in the Entrepreneurial Campus model as we explore what it means for us, how it can unlock ideas and potential, and draw in match funding.

Question 9: we would welcome evidence of current	The two key projects at the Conservatoire are Innovation Studio (www.rcsinnovationstudio.com) and
practice in Scotland (or elsewhere) to ensure we	SHIFT (www.shiftintoyourfuture.com).
have an up-to-date picture of what is working well	
and upon which the Entrepreneurial Campus	
strategy could build on.	
Question 10: the Review recommended that the	Innovation Centres are not part of our engagement because of the particular focus of the existing
university and college sectors join SFC in	Innovation Centres offer. Naturally, we would be interested in any ambition to extend the range of ICs
repositioning Innovation Centres (ICs) as stable long-	into areas that relate to our expertise as a small specialist institution.
term infrastructure investments. We would welcome	The dread that relate to our expertise as a small specialist motivation.
views on the details of the proposed 'repositioning'	As noted above, we have found that the KEC is an excellent tool for building infrastructure, and
as described in this consultation, including any	promoting cultural change with respect to KE&I.
opportunities, weaknesses and gaps.	
Question 11: we would welcome views on how we	Notwithstanding our comment about regarding the range of the current suite of ICs, we can see
could best strengthen the Innovation Centres'	potential points of contact between the performing arts and (for example) the Digital Health and Care
relationship with universities and colleges, ensuring	Innovation Centre; the Centre for Sensor and Imaging Systems; and The Data Lab. As the KE&I
added value, sense of partnership and collaboration,	infrastructure is refreshed, might there be a moment for the ICs to reach out to institutions like ours,
avoiding duplication of effort etc. This would include	who have been on the margins of IC in the past? Although some ICs are wholly outside our areas of
opportunities for alignment and partnership with	expertise, one could imagine an obligation or expectation to engage with the whole sector becoming
Interface, Scottish Enterprise, Highlands and Islands	part of the IC remit - perhaps mirroring the ethos of Interface?
Enterprise, South of Scotland Enterprise and other	
relevant agencies and organisations.	
Question 12: we would welcome views on potential	We would especially welcome an IC on the Wellbeing Economy and would feel that we could
areas of future opportunity where the Innovation	contribute strongly to its work.
Centre model could help deliver outcomes for	
Scotland.	
Question 13: we would welcome views on	We have put much effort into our engagement with Interface and recognise the effort Interface puts
strengthening Interface's relationship with	into engaging with us. The issue of engagement with Interface, for us, is less about a sense of
universities and colleges, ensuring added value,	partnership with Interface, with whom we have a strong working relationship, but more about the
sense of partnership and collaboration, avoiding	specific programmes on offer. A renewed strategy to bring in those institutions on the margins, and
duplication of effort etc. This would include	development of new programmes that a conception of 'Innovation' that goes beyond the current

confines of the Innovation Vouchers, might assist. Our sense is that Interface could broker a more inclusive approach if it were enabled to do so. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in supporting innovation in our areas of expertise. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in supporting innovation in our areas of expertise. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in supporting innovation in our areas of expertise. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in supporting innovation in our areas of expertise. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in supporting innovation in our areas of expertise. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in supporting innovation in our areas of expertise. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in supporting innovation in our areas of expertise. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in supporting innovation in our areas of expertise. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in supporting innovation in our areas of expertise. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in supporting innovation in our areas of expertise. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in support in our areas of expertise. In the operating model seems effective to us. As noted above, it is the programmes that can be ineffective in support in our areas of expertise. In the
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on scana of Innovation Vouchars to ancompass We In addition, it could be important to consider further support for the business that engage with
ie scope of initivation vouchers to encompass 175. In addition, it could be important to consider further support for the business that engage with
ider KE activity but retaining the key objective of this process, remembering the in the cultural sector and creative industries, many businesses are sole
traders or microenterprises that are not well set up to engage with mechanisms like the IVs.
ollaborations and encourage longer-term
elationships. Likewise, longer timescales could be useful in achieving the intended aims.
Some flexibility around first-time collaborations could also help: in our sector, we have relationships
with many, many external organisations, but often these are quite circumscribed (for example - a
student placement relationship). If IVs were to recognise and support a new kind of engagement in
the context of an existing relationship (for example, a product development relationship with a
partner with whom we had previous had only a student placement relationship), then this could go a
long way to increasing the effectiveness of the IVs in achieving their core ambitions for sectors (and an
institution) like ours.
uestion 17: how could colleges and universities (We are unsure whether Interface already monitors this?)
elp SFC understand, or monitor longitudinally, how

many Innovation Vouchers have led to ongoing	Longitudinal reporting on successful IVs could form part of an evolved KE metrics return (for example,
relationships? Are there cross sectoral digital	how many past IV initiated a partnership that is still live at the time of reporting? etc.)"
solutions to this which can help us better understand	many pasers minuted a particle sinp that is still live at the time of reporting, etc.,
the outcome we hope to achieve?	
Question 18: From experience of mission-led	A sequenced programme of missions (say, a 5-year programme of 18-month missions) would assist in
approaches elsewhere, how would you advise SFC to	planning and engagement. The sequencing would be very important in offering the sector space and
use its resources and investments to facilitate such	time to work together on one major mission at a time.
activity in support of Scottish Government objectives	time to work together on one major mission at a time.
for economic transformation?	At a very small scale, this is the approach we adopted in our Innovation Studio pilot - rather than
Tor economic transformation:	present 'themes' or multiple challenges that run concurrently, we have identified three challenges
	through which we will work in sequence. This approach allows colleagues to plan their engagement,
	and to develop links, through time, between different societal challenges, offering (we think) the
	opportunity for a more coherent and coordinated response.
Question 19: We would welcome views on the	We consider the proposed KE&I Advisory Board to be a strong idea with potential to drive an
breadth of the role a KE&I Advisory Board could play	increasing scope of KE, build leadership and civic engagement, work with the sector, and hold a clear
and what stakeholder membership would give us the	KE&I ambition for the nation.
most effective support for SFC's role in the	REAL AMBILION FOR THE HALION.
ecosystem.	We would suggest that the Board needs people with experience of KE in its widest possible definition,
	and would benefit from a nomination process that avoided the 'usual suspects'. Imaginative
	approaches could assist in building a Board that could achieve these ends. For example, each
	institution could nominate individuals from business, wider public life, and key sectors with which
	they engage.
	We would note that some Boards are too 'lofty' and here, too, an imaginative approach could build a
	truly effective Advisory Board that includes among its membership a significant proportion of people
	with a sense of the mechanics of KE - ambitious people who live and breathe KE. This would involve
	pitching the nomination process rather differently from traditional advisory boards of the 'great and
	good', but we think there could be major wins from such an approach.
We may publish a summary of the consultation	Publish information and excerpts from this survey response INCLUDING the organisation name.
responses and, in some cases, the responses	, , ,

themselves. Published responses may be attributed	
to an organisation where this information has been	
provided but will not contain personal data. When	
providing a response in an individual capacity,	
published responses will be anonymised. Please	
confirm whether or not you agree to your response	
being included in any potential publication.	