# SFC-Jisc Outcome Agreement AY 2019-20 to 2021-22: 2020-21 update

## Introduction

- 1. Jisc is the UK's higher education, further education and skills sectors' not-for-profit organisation for digital services and solutions. We champion the importance and potential of digital technologies for UK education and research; and do three main things:
  - We operate shared digital infrastructure and services
  - We negotiate sector-wide deals with IT vendors and commercial publishers
  - We provide trusted advice and practical assistance for universities, colleges and learning providers.
- 2. Our research and development (R&D) work is integrated across these three areas.
- 3. Working closely with colleagues and sector bodies, our aim is to:
  - Deliver considerable collective digital advantage, financial savings and efficiencies for UK universities, colleges and learning providers today
  - Ensure these benefits are sustained and intelligently further enhanced
  - Do all this as affordably, efficiently and as cost effectively as possible.
- 4. We work in partnership with Scottish universities and colleges to ensure that they not only make the most of the digital opportunities available, but at the same time make substantial savings compared with doing so individually.

# **SFC funding of Jisc**

- 5. Jisc is funded by the UK higher education (HE) and further education (FE) funding bodies to deliver essential UK-wide digital infrastructure. We are a critical part of building both the capability and capacity of Scotland's further, higher and vocational educational sectors, using grant-in-aid from the Scottish Funding Council (SFC).
- 6. Every developed nation needs a National Research and Education Network (NREN) to ensure it remains competitive internationally. Part of the rationale for the funding for Jisc is that it helps to ensure this network in the UK remains sustainable, whilst seeking a contribution from providers of education and research given they benefit most from such an infrastructure. However, it is acknowledged by government that it is not desirable nor feasible to ask providers to pay for all the costs of such a national infrastructure, therefore central funding continues to provide a significant proportion in the public interest.
- 7. The UK funding bodies have agreed a shared funding model for Jisc¹ on the basis of a two thirds contribution from HE and a one third contribution from FE. Proportions are then divided between the respective nations across the UK. The funding provided by the SFC is approximately 20% of Jisc's total core grant funding². HE institutions in Scotland provide a contribution of approximately £1m. The funding bodies have recently reviewed the funding model and reaffirmed their commitment to this approach for the foreseeable future.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Described in the Jisc – HE and FE Funding Bodies Memorandum of Understanding, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In 2019-20 this equates to £5.2m for HE (12% of Jisc's total funding) and £2.9m for FE (8% of Jisc's total funding).

#### Why this funding agreement is needed

8. Reduced public spending, Brexit, skills shortages and the need to improve the student experience and protect student wellbeing are just some of the threats and challenges facing our universities, colleges and research institutes. This agreement provides certainty to institutions as to our priorities over the next three years and clarifies the outcomes we seek to achieve on behalf of the Scottish education and research sectors. It should be noted, however, that any activity after the funded year 2019-20 is subject to a flat cash funding settlement from Jisc's core funders, including from the SFC. Any cuts to our funding could result in some of the activity in this agreement being reduced or stopped and/or increases to the HE subscription in Scotland.

## **Capital funding**

9. In addition to the core funding above, SFC may, from time to time, provide Jisc with capital funding for critical infrastructure investment, for example, funding to upgrade the regional networking infrastructure in Scotland.

#### Reporting against our priorities

10. We will report against the priorities and outcomes in this agreement in September each year for the preceding Academic Year.

# Strategic context

#### Jisc strategy 2019-22

- 11. Jisc's <u>strategy</u> for 2019-22 is to build on our transition to a membership organisation, taking our achievements to the next level and enhancing what we do to the further satisfaction of members and funders. We will:
  - i. Deliver world-class core services by continuing to listen and invest to ensure that our service and capability levels within our core offer remain fit for members' future needs.
  - ii. Offer value-added services by developing vibrant new services that are co-designed and driven by the needs of members in HE, FE and research, and are distinct from the commercial market.
  - iii. Inspire with thought leadership in order to stimulate transformative change in the sector's use of technology to improve teaching, learning and research.
  - iv. Satisfy members and funders.
  - v. Provide financial leadership by ensuring that our membership subscription is kept 'low', with an aim to maintain increases that are inflation-based or less, subject to grant funding. We will also aim to address the balance of funding/income and to achieve a goal of 50% from non-grant sources.
  - vi. Transform Jisc by being well run, and operating effectively and efficiently.
- 12. We also have a number of sector specific strategies, with associated priorities and targets for the period 2019-22. We include a selection of these targets within this agreement as examples of indicative outcomes over the period. These may be updated annually.
- 13. Against this strategic backdrop, we recognise that the so-called 'Industry 4.0' technologies such as artificial intelligence (AI), the Internet of Things (IoT) and machine learning are changing industry and the workplace but are yet to be fully realised across tertiary education. We have therefore developed a 15 year vision to guide our R&D: 'Education 4.0' and 'Research 4.0' which will explore ways for education and research to take advantage of the new technologies.
- 14. Jisc also considers the high level priorities of the SFC and the Scottish Government, for example:

- SFC Strategic Framework 2019-22
- Scotland's College and University sector ICT strategy 2019-21
- Digital Scotland
- Working collaboratively for a Better Scotland: outline strategic plan 2018.

# Observable technology and sector trends over the next 3 years

#### **Education and research finance**

- 15. Funding is under pressure for Scotland's colleges and universities. The gap between <u>colleges'</u> income and expenditure is widening. We are likely to see a significant reduction in income from international students due to Brexit and the Covid pandemic in all nations, and there will also be loss of accommodation, catering and conference income<sup>3</sup>.
- 16. Added to this, universities are under increasing pressure to <u>spend more</u> in order to protect pension arrangements. The <u>uncertainty regarding the UK's access to EU research funding</u> after Brexit certainly makes planning <u>future research</u> problematic. The UK pledge to become the most innovative country in the world and increase its total R&D expenditure to 2.4% of gross domestic product (GDP) by 2027 highlights the need to invest in infrastructure and staff skills so that R&D capability can sustain this target growth.
- 17. Part of the response by universities and colleges must be to work more efficiently and effectively. Technology can keep costs down and bring more efficient working. For example, a range of data sources, AI-based infrastructure and tools can save staff time and effort preparing research proposals and analysing funding opportunities. Efficiencies can also be achieved by competing in the <u>online space</u> and by implementing smart and <u>intelligent campus</u> technology to ensure resources are being fully used. The University of Glasgow, for example, has collaborated with the wider Smart City initiative to create a <u>smart campus</u>.

#### Student experience

- 18. Universities are wrestling with the changes required to meet the expectations of students who now view HE as an investment as much as a rite of passage. Colleges share many of the same expectations from students around quality, employability and overall appeal. Incoming students have expectations around technology, given their experiences of edtech and resources in schools, and these have cost and infrastructure impacts on colleges and universities.
- 19. Across UK society, problems with mental health and wellbeing are on the increase and universities and colleges are no exception to this. Whereas <u>learning analytics</u> uses data to inform decisions from individual to curriculum level–concerning students' learning, data may also be used to inform decisions about their wellbeing. Possible applications cover a very wide range: from screen-break reminders to alerts when a student appears to be at risk of suicide. Clearly this will involve both significant benefits and risk.

#### Skills gap

20. Some employers still struggle to recruit college and university leavers that have the right entry level skills and who lack relevant work experience that employers expect. Most skill gaps are addressed by employers by providing training.

21. This broad challenge covers the digital skills of students and specific skills required by certain trades or industries as well as softer employability skills such as problem solving, communication and collaboration. It also encompasses concerns, from colleges in particular, that the qualifications system in the UK is too inflexible and slow to respond to changes in the skills

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Will universities need a bail out to survive the Covid-19 crisis? Institute of Fiscal studies, July 2020

- required. A syllabus can be out of date within a year but qualifications boards do not have the pace to react accordingly. Staff digital capabilities also need to be addressed.
- 22. Universities and colleges are making inroads into improving learners' employability skills, particularly in relation to technical and digital skills but clearly more can be done, particularly in light of fierce competition from the private sector with provision such as <u>Google Digital</u>
  <u>Garage</u> and even from less obviously digitally focused industries, such as the banking industry (e.g. Barclays Digital Confidence initiative).

#### Managing physical, virtual and data estates

23. For universities and colleges, managing estates is increasingly complex and requires balancing the requirements and opportunities of the physical, virtual and data estate. One of the largest expenses for universities and colleges is their campus and demand for on-campus education remains high. Online and blended learning remain important tools for face-to-face education as well as distance learning. Universities and colleges need to ensure they get the most out of the investment in the campus (while still providing a compelling online offer). Changes in technology as well as changes in the way people want to study, such as increasing numbers of commuter students, mean that universities and colleges need to innovate in the way they deliver education using technology while, in the longer term, considering fundamental changes to existing course structures.

#### **Innovations in teaching in learning**

- 24. Institutions are seeking to innovate in order to reach more learners, give a better experience to those they have and deliver on their own distinctive educational mission. Active learning, peer-to-peer learning and increased interaction in learning are increasingly in evidence and personalised, adaptive learning has long been a goal in both colleges and universities. Lifelong and 'just in time' learning is needed in order to enable people to up- and re-skill throughout their lives and careers and it is vastly enabled by online learning.
- 25. The National Retraining Partnership is designed to enable the workforce to up-skill and retrain where necessary. There will also be Regional Retraining Partnerships, involving colleges and universities, following the PACE model. PACE has proven very effective in the aftermath of the financial crisis and the recession. These developments are likely to see a move to microcredentialing enabling employees to gain credits for short, sharp acquisitions of knowledge/skills. Technology will have a role to play in recording and aggregating these microcredits.
- 26. Assessment also needs to change for a digital age both the use of technology to support formative assessment and rapid feedback, and a rethinking of what kinds of assessment task are meaningful and possible with digital technology.
- 27. What cannot be predicted yet is the disruption of the current and future edtech start-ups. While the initial concerns around MOOCs seem to have subsided for the time being (and important\_lessons were learned through the development of MOOCs), there is no room for complacency when it comes to edtech developments. There is a lot of appeal to a low cost technological solution to continuing education. Colleges and universities must be cautious about dismissing edtech start-ups as a passing fad and instead should aim to learn from their successes and consider their own ways of being more agile and responsive to ensure they are not 'out-innovated' by new suppliers in the market.

## Attracting and retaining talent

- 28. Recruiting and retaining high quality researchers and lecturers is frequently listed as one of the critical issues facing UK universities. Advanced digital and computational skills are in high demand in the well-paid commercial sector, so universities and colleges need to develop career structures that will nurture and retain staff with those skills. These staff will also contribute to knowledge exchange within the economy, which will be vital post-Brexit.
- 29. International branch campuses and partnerships will be increasingly important to mitigate against threats to freedom of movement of staff and students and climate change. Changes are also taking place within existing infrastructures for example at Abertay University where the concept of a sticky campus has been built into its estates strategy.
- 30. The College Sector Statement of Ambition 2018-2023 from Scotland's Colleges states that it will deliver a transformational programme of change by developing the college workforce for the future. Teaching staff will require updated and different skillsets, including STEM and technology subjects which have traditionally been difficult to recruit. Digital technology may also incentivise teachers to work at Scotland's colleges, and help those colleges to make informed decisions about finding, recruiting, retaining and utilising key talent.

#### Open science and research infrastructure

- 31. UK academic research has never had greater impact and connection to society. Nor, thanks to digitalisation and <u>open access</u>, has it ever been more widely available. However, this has also led to greater scrutiny and exposure of questionable research practices, which can be seized upon in a heightened political environment of 'fake news' and misleading narratives.
- 32. This concern for research integrity, plus inadequate reporting of the data, software, methodology and inputs. has led to questions being raised about how reliable research is, especially experimental research, and claims of a 'reproducibility crisis'. Demands on researchers, including metrics and institutional performance methods, can create incentives which can lead to undesirable results, including false citations, rushed research and exaggeration of results. Universities risk serious damage to the reputation of their research and to their status as curators of academic values. They also risk losing opportunities to collaborate with other academics and with industry. Tools incorporating AI with text mining may help to identify questionable citations and research.
- 33. Open science practices, such as the pre-registration of study protocols and analysis plans, and the publication of data alongside articles, are a very positive development. For research to be truly 'open' both the findings and the data behind these results need to findable, accessible, interoperable and reusable (FAIR). These approaches require policies, infrastructure and platforms (such a Jisc's open research hub). Technology has a role to play in making good research data management easier and better integrated into research workflows. While the building blocks already exist in part, they need to be developed with the right relationships, structures and metadata to create reusable research packages and pipelines, with the infrastructure to exploit them.

#### Cybersecurity

34. Universities and colleges rely on their reputation and credibility to attract students, funding and deliver impact. Yet the data they hold on their students and staff, as well as their cutting-edge research, makes them <u>popular targets</u> for cyber-security attacks. For example, the FE sector saw\_12 distributed denial of service (DDoS) attacks on average per week in 2017. This is a quarter of all UK colleges, and the numbers are rising annually.

35. All students at our institutions should expect a basic level of IT and network infrastructure to be in place that meets robust, requisite security standards and protects their data. Equally, staff and students should be equipped with the necessary skills and digital capabilities to avoid falling for phishing and other security threats.

# **Priorities**

# **Cyber security**

#### Context

- 36. The Jisc-run <u>Janet Network</u> provides the UK's research and higher education sectors with access to very high-speed, reliable connectivity, with in-built cyber security. Effective and secure access and identity management are also key; early work on the UKRI innovation roadmap also anticipates a national federated AAAI infrastructure<sup>4</sup> to increase the security of researcher data and resources.
- 37. The Cyber resilience policy for Scotland aims to build on the solid foundation of the National Cyber Security Strategy and move Scotland to a stage where everyone routinely recognises and manages risks, as well as becomes a leader in meeting the growing demand for cyber skills talent. Similarly, the UK government's policy paper on the cyber security skills identifies a cyber security capability gap and aims to increase cyber security capacity across all sectors to ensure that the UK has the right level and blend of skills required to maintain our resilience to cyber threats and be the world's leading digital economy.

- 38. We work to protect the <u>Janet Network</u> and securely connect organisations. This includes:-
  - A security operations centre that detects and defends against thousands of attacks every year
    on the Janet network. Our incident management and alerts protect Scotland's institutions
    against major issues such as distributed denial of service (DDoS) attacks. They also provide
    actionable intelligence for malware and other vulnerabilities that may be exploited to cause
    confidentiality breaches and loss of data.
  - Our trust and identity services enable secure authentication and access for staff and learners
    to resources and facilities, as well as secure encryption for web and email services. These
    services include:
    - o UK Access Management Federation
    - o OpenAthens (single sign on)
    - o Eduroam
    - o Assent
    - o Certificate service
    - o <u>Domain registry</u>.
  - Protection for individual organisations/IT estates. For example, we help colleges such as <u>Forth Valley College</u> implement a robust cyber security strategy to ensure the cyber safety of their college, their data and their people.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Towards a UK National AAAI Federation (Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting Infrastructure), UKRI White paper, March 2019.

- A range of (DDoS) mitigation services to reduce the risk of losing a network connection avoiding inconvenience, reputation loss or financial damage.
- Services for added layers of defence: <u>penetration testing</u>, <u>web filtering</u>, <u>cyber security financial x-ray</u> and <u>cyber security assessment</u>.
- Close alignment with the National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC) strategy for active defence.
- A range of topical cyber security training and thought leadership (including <u>annual</u> conference and cyber security survey).

#### **Key priorities for Jisc**

- 39. **Vision:** In three years, Scotland's education and research organisations will be more cyber resilient, better able to respond to security incidents and will have the ability to demonstrate an increased cyber security posture. To achieve this, Jisc will:-
  - ➤ Increase the numbers of Scottish institutions using our cyber security portal, penetration testing service, managed SIEM service and our enhanced DDoS service (rebranded <u>as Critical Services Protection</u>) so that more institutions benefit from enhanced protection of their IT and data estates, more quickly and using real-time data.
  - ➤ Develop a range of tailored, actionable intelligence feeds delivered to our members, aimed at different levels (e.g. network operations, senior management).
  - ➤ Develop new, enhanced sector-wide services to protect our members against emerging cyber risks (e.g. enhanced digital forensics capability in our security operations centre and a new resolver service incorporating the ability to use our DNS infrastructure to filter known bad domains (RPZ)).
  - > Improve our position as a thought leader in cyber security.
  - ➤ We have developed our cyber security portal to report on a wider range of services and introduce self- serve capability. Further development from 2020 onwards includes developing the ability for members to make payment for our cyber services directly from the portal.

Priority	2019-20 outcomes	2020-21 outcomes	2021-22 outcomes (Subject to funding)
Enhanced cyber security services taken up	- 400 HE & FE members (80 in Scotland) using the cyber security portal - 77 enhanced DDoS services taken up by HE & FE members (15 in Scotland) - Increase usage of penetration testing service by 10%	<ul> <li>500 HE &amp; FE members         (100 in Scotland) will sign         up to the cyber security         portal</li> <li>Increased use of the         penetration testing by         20% from August         2019</li> <li>77 enhanced Critical         Services protection         (formerly called         'enhanced DDoS         services') taken up by         HE &amp; FE members (15         in Scotland)</li> <li>60 HE &amp; FE members         (12 in Scotland) to         take up the Cyber         Essentials service</li> <li>9 HE &amp; FE members (2 in         Scotland) to take up the         managed SIEM service</li> </ul>	High take-up of cyber services with services changing to meet the fast moving member requirements in this area.
Enhance our DDoS and critical infrastructure hardening			Develop further new capability to provide efficiencies in the detection and visibility of DDoS incidents on the Janet network
Further development of cyber security portal including access to 'self- serve' for members	Complete development of member self-serve capability in the cyber security portal	Jisc's DNS registry and the Primary Nameserver service are added to the portal in Q4 2020     Institutions are able to make payment for Jisc's cyber security services directly from the portal	Continued maintenance and development of the portal so that each new Jisc service has facilities within the portal

#### How this will benefit Scottish institutions?

- 40. Increased take-up of our cyber security services will result in safe and seamless access to the network for Scotland's universities and colleges, with proactive detection and resolution of issues that might affect availability. More institutions will avoid unnecessary costs and protect their IT and data estates, intellectual property and reputations. They will be able to access affordable end- user security training to upskill their staff.
- 41. Having access to real time DDoS mitigation and network traffic data through our cyber security portal will mean that organisations can react to incidents more quickly, and directly from the portal. They will also be able to request additional products via the self-serve feature. A SIEM solution makes it easier for providers to spot security-related anomalies on their network because it aggregates data from their various systems and turns data logs into actionable insights.
- 42. Our cyber security thought leadership will help raise awareness of the need to do more than just implement the right technology to defend against cyber incidents but also the need to upskill existing staff and students with the required digital capability to combat cyber incidents, and prevent them from happening in the first place. Jisc training courses will help give staff the confidence to do so.
- 43. Widespread intelligence sharing nationally and internationally will assist in crime investigation and provide information to connected organisations on emerging and ever-changing security risks and threats.

#### **Efficient institutions**

#### **Context**

44. Pressures on public finance in education are leading universities and colleges to look for more\_efficient and effective ways to deliver services. One high-level aim of SFC's strategic framework 2019-22 is to ensure colleges, universities and specialist institutions form part of a successful, world-leading, coherent and sustainable system of education. Digital Scotland:

Digital connectivity aims to deliver a world-class, future proofed digital infrastructure across all of Scotland by 2020 and city region deals welcome data innovation in order to improve regional economies. Scotland's College and University sector ICT strategy calls for improvements in ICT efficiency and productivity to be enabling, and include improved responsiveness, personalisation and usability. The strategy also aims to ensure institutions are maintaining their GDPR compliance as a core operational process.

- 45. Jisc provides value to our member universities and colleges, and saves them time and costs. Examples include:
  - Access to the highly reliable and secure Janet Network allowing institutions to connect and
    collaborate anytime, anywhere. Janet is supported by a range of <u>services</u> offering secure and
    seamless internet access and roaming across organisations (e.g. Eduroam), locations and
    devices. This includes IP network connections with high availability and uncontended
    bandwidth to support innovation, research and learning.
  - Jisc's competitive cloud solutions include access to a range of frameworks together with consultancy to help institutions achieve their strategic goals by moving IT functions into the cloud. This includes advice from those experienced in solving complexities relating to security, legal, cost, capability and service assurance specifically within the education context. If required, we can also provide additional data centre capacity.
  - High-level advice and guidance on IT infrastructure via our account managers, as well as a

range of <u>online guides</u> on reducing costs, and being more efficient and effective with digital. We can also provide bespoke consultancy through our <u>infrastructure review service</u>.

- Expert guidance on GDPR, data protection and other regulatory developments.
- High-quality training designed for university and college staff to develop in-house expertise and make the most of our services and solutions. A range of sessions covering more efficient and effective working including on information security, GDPR, Prevent, using free network tools, etc.
- Development of new technologies helping institutions to manage their estates, a task that is increasingly complex and requires balancing the requirement and opportunities of the physical, virtual and data estate. This includes our <u>intelligent campus pilot</u> for which Fife College and University of Glasgow are pilot participants exploring how data collected by IoT sensors can be used to manage assets and resources effectively. It also includes our CPD service for HE staff, helping them to create unique data visualisations with data sets (<u>Analytics Labs</u>). To date we have seen a total of 31 Scotland-based Analytics Labs participants from Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Glasgow, Glasgow Caledonian, Robert Gordon, SRUC, St Andrews and Strathclyde universities.

## **Key priorities for Jisc**

- We will continue to run our 3-4 year programme to upgrade and rearchitect access to the Janet Network infrastructure across the UK to meet the growing demands of our members. Design work for the four Scottish regional networks will be undertaken in 2020-21, and subject to funding in Scotland, new access networks will be delivered in 2021-22, followed by transition of customer connections to the new networks. Implementation of updated access networks across the rest of the UK is planned to complete in 2023-24. The new access infrastructure design will involve creating resilient rings based on a combination of telephone exchanges, carrier neutral data centres, dark fibre, and a range of ethernet and optical based services from Openreach.
- ➤ To save institutions time and money from developing and maintaining their own separate systems, we will increase the number of Scottish HEIs subscribed to the <u>student voter registration service</u>. It is hoped that this will also encourage more Scottish students to engage with the democratic process. To ensure that Jisc's <u>student voter registration service</u> is fit for purpose for the Scottish context, we will consult with the <u>Scottish Assessors Association</u>.
- > We will explore subscription and licensing agreements with other NRENs for the use of our technology and services in order to benefit from increased income.
- ➤ We will increase take up of Eduroam, particularly in colleges, so that more staff and learners may benefit from seamless, 24/7 access to the Janet Network regardless of location.
- ➤ We will continue to monitor developments with 5G.
- ➤ We will establish and grow a mature cloud service portfolio including capability for providing professional services and consultancy. It will include a fully integrated Jisc cloud management platform providing a single portal for the provision, procurement and management of members and Jisc's own cloud; a pool of experts highly competent in all aspects of cloud including technical and service, billing and contract management; and a national level solution to support research and scientific computing.
- ➤ We will negotiate additional framework agreements and managed services.
- ➤ We explored the possibility of developing an <u>intelligent campus service in 2019-20</u>, in order to help universities and colleges move from 'smart' campus to 'intelligent' campus, by making more effective and efficient use of their physical estates, from room use to energy consumption. While we did not identify a specific, feasible Jisc service to develop for universities, core funding from

SFC will continue to support related advice, guidance and community activities on this topic, which will be free to all of Jisc members in Scotland. For example, we will continue to hold community <u>events</u> and <u>webinars</u>, and provide guidance for our members such as on <u>ethical and legal campus data usage</u>.

- ➤ We will develop an attendance monitoring solution to help colleges easily comply with Tier 4 visa requirements, leveraging the existing <u>learning analytics</u> assets and Tier 4 solution in place for HE.
- ➤ We will review the new range of trust and identity services that we offer following the 2019 merger between Jisc and Edusery to ensure that they meet sector needs in the context of more balanced business models, the wider range of research e-infrastructures and resources needing managed access, and the direction of the UKRI research and innovation infrastructure roadmap.
- ➤ (Complete) During the first quarter of 2019-20, Jisc account managers engaged with Scotland's colleges in order to provide, for each institution, a short appraisal of infrastructure against institutional strategy. The exercise provided insight for each institution into the capability of IT infrastructure (both end-user and network) to support the overall college strategy, highlighting the areas of greatest risk, and the areas of greatest priority. The exercise was be carried out through structured interviews with senior management as to college strategy, and with the head of IT and other relevant technical staff.

<b>Efficient instit</b>	Efficient institutions: indicative outcomes		
Priority	2019-20 outcomes	2020-21 outcomes	2021-22 outcomes (Subject to funding)
College infrastructure review to identify ICT priority areas for improvements to Scotland's colleges' infrastructure	- Jisc account managers to compile short summary for each Scottish FEC and identify development priorities (for essential underpinning infrastructure) for all colleges over the next 3 years.		
Janet transitioned to new access structure			Scottish regional networks transitioned to new access structure during 2021-22.
			All member connections provided on new Janet access infrastructure will be delivered in a more efficient and agile manner.

#### How will this benefit Scottish institutions?

46. The new access infrastructure for Janet will be more consistent, agile and secure so that institutions will be able to innovate in the ways in which they deliver education using technology (be it online, blended or distance learning), both locally, across large geographical distances and internationally. Universities will be able to meet the bandwidth and capability demands arising from ever-increasing volumes and complexity of research data and its

- processing. The rearchitect will also give Jisc the opportunity to embed the tools required for improved cyber security, and also reduce Jisc's running costs.
- 47. Advice and guidance from our intelligent campus work will enable Scottish institutions to take an institution-wide approach to the consolidation and use of data which can enhance security and compliance, cost savings and analytics capabilities. There will also be direct benefits for students who will receive a richer experience of learning and will be able to optimise the comfort and convenience of their physical environments. Institutions will also be able to link into the 'Smart Cities Scotland' initiative.
- 48. For researchers, Jisc's access and identity management solutions will facilitate reliable, seamless and transparent access to potentially high volume, geographically distributed and complex data with many owners, to distributed and varied communities of researchers who wish to share and work collaboratively, and in a secure manner.
- 49. The Jisc review of college IT infrastructure will guide investment to ensure that the provision of network, facilities and equipment is ready to support each institution's strategic direction, and will allow colleges the opportunity to reappraise capital spending on the basis of strategy rather than legacy.

# World leading research

#### Context

- 50. Scotland's universities have an outstanding reputation and record of success in research, appearing prominently in international rankings of research universities and attracting high levels of research funding. One core objective in <a href="SFC's strategic framework 2019-22">SFC's strategic framework 2019-22</a> is "to invest in excellent research and innovation that adds to current knowledge, delivers economic and societal value, enhances Scotland's international reputation and attractiveness, and makes the world around us prosperous, healthier and more sustainable".
- 51. The increase in digitisation and open access publishing has increased attention on research integrity. There is a requirement for Scotland's HEIs to engage with sector-wide concordats on\_open research data, public engagements and research integrity.
- 52. Both Working collaboratively for a Better Scotland and the City region deals are intended to increase the contribution of university research and in-demand graduate skills to national and regional economies. A growing number of digital competencies will be required by researchers to generate and use massive and/or very complex datasets, shape and responsibly use AI and robotics, ubiquitous connectivity and IoT environments in the 'Research 4.0' world.

- 53. We provide shared services, infrastructure and advice to help institutions manage their library resources, research publication lifecycle and research outputs. This includes:
  - A resilient, flexible and cost effective infrastructure (the high speed, high bandwidth Janet network) on which researchers can rely to provide the necessary administrative and research services wherever that may be in the world. As well as enabling equipment sharing, the network supports high end data transfer and collaboration. For example, in 2019 we provided a 100Gbit/s upgrade to the Advanced Computing Facility run by the University of Edinburgh through the Edinburgh Parallel Computer Centre. This site houses the UK National Academic supercomputer <a href="ARCHER">ARCHER</a> and other facilities. The upgrade provided the site with a solid foundation capability for a few years ahead and is an important component of the UKRI national e-Infrastructure.
  - Trust and identity services to enable secure and seamless authentication and access for the UK research base to resources and facilities. This includes the <u>UK Access Management</u>

Federation, OpenAthens, Eduroam, Assent, certificate service and domain registry.

- <u>Negotiations with publishers</u> at a national level to procure and license affordable digital
  content for the UK research community, and to enable a fast and cost-effective transition to
  open access, working in partnership with the Scottish Higher Education Digital Library
  (SHEDL).
- Core library support services (e.g. the <u>National bibliographic knowledgebase</u> underpins services which provide researchers and students with convenient access to scholarly resources).
- Maintenance of, and access to, key research resources, including special collections, archives, journals, monographs and digitised collections (e.g. the <u>Wellcome collection</u>) and advice and guidance on preservation and <u>data and text-mining capabilities</u> for research across Jisc's content services.
- Tools and services around the management, curation and discovery of research data (<u>Open research hub, digital tools and services to support research replicability and verifiability publication</u>) and tools and services to support the open access/open science paradigm (e.g., <u>CORE, Publications Router</u>).
- Identification of opportunities to support our members in their preparations for the next REF, for example piloting a 'prediction market' tool with the university of Bristol to analyse results of recent markets to inform how technology may feed into a strategic move towards a more digital Research Excellence Framework.
- Membership of the <u>Forum for Responsible Research Metrics</u>. We have also prototyped various analytics tools with HEIs and funders. Examples include our <u>Open metrics lab</u> which supports the development of innovative new forms of research metrics, and <u>Analytics Labs</u> dashboards on research reproducibility (in close partnership with the University of Edinburgh) and outcomes from research spend.
- Advice and guidance to universities on various aspects of research management and the
  research process including advice on regulatory issues (e.g. on the implementation of GDPR
  as part of research).
- International research sector leadership through various infrastructure collaborations and partnerships, such as the Jisc UK <u>ORCID consortium</u>, the <u>Knowledge Exchange</u>, GÉANT, Internet2, OpenAIRE, EUDAT and EGI as part of the emerging European Open Science Cloud, for which we are partners in several preparatory EC projects.
- Licensing terms for digital content and resources enabling researchers based at overseas campuses to have equivalent access to those in the UK.
- Robust relationships with the key sector organisations such as Vitae, ARMA, SCONUL and
  others. We have been central in drafting key elements of the e-infrastructure section of the UKRI
  research and innovation infrastructure roadmap, in particular those on the network, access and
  identity management, and research data infrastructure (for example, working with experts from
  the Edinburgh Parallel Computing Centre).

## Open access good practice

In 2016, the University of Glasgow took part in Jisc's open access (OA) pathfinder programme, part of our OA good practice project, along with a community of practice of

more than 200 professionals from 90 universities, sharing examples of open access good practice. The University's Research Information Manager said:

"During 2016 we completed our end-to-end open access project, supported by Jisc under its open access pathfinder programme.

While open access is a very active topic and the work we did around reducing the burden of open access implementation would have been taking place regardless, the benefit of Jisc support was that the coordinated approach acted as a catalyst.

Outputs were delivered more expediently and there was increased sharing of information and development work with other institutions at different stages in open access process and system development.

Several workshops took place in association with the programme and it was clear from feedback that the opportunity to talk about common issues was appreciated. As a result, the new open access Scotland group has been set up to provide a voice for open access in Scotland."

#### **Key priorities for Jisc**

- 54. **Research vision:** for a seamless, interoperable digital infrastructure that enables Scotland's researchers and research organisations the freedom to apply their strategic resources to maximise the excellence, integrity and impact of their research, and to minimise the cost and burden of the supporting operations, wherever that may be in the world.
- 55. **Libraries vision:** We will work with our members and library stakeholders to ensure that by 2022, learners and researchers in Scotland will be able to locate and access the most relevant, appropriate and readily available content from any place, on any device, via global search engines or customisable digital interfaces.
- 56. Jisc will continue to be steered by a group of Pro-Vice Chancellors for Research from UK institutions; Scottish representation is from the University of Dundee and the University of St Andrews. The steering group has identified several priorities for research. We have planned our research and libraries activity to address these priorities as appropriate to digital technologies and Jisc's mission and remit:
  - Expertise needed and developed by research sector: For the research sector, this is about attracting, retaining and developing the best people, by promoting close relationships between teaching and research, that provides an environment that is good for their well-being, enables researchers continuously to enhance their skills in the context of rapidly changing technologies and regulatory frameworks, actively supports equality, diversity and inclusion, enables mobility across sectors and internationally, supports team-based research, provides a positive research culture, and rewards public engagement to inspire future researchers. Under this priority we will:
    - ➤ Launch a researcher survey as part of the <u>digital experience Insights survey</u> in October 2020.
    - > Develop an options appraisal to understand more fully the potential of Jisc's approach to research analytics (tools that enable researchers, universities and funders to explore issues related to research integrity, open science and reproducibility).
    - > Grow training for discoverability of digital collections and expansion to the archive sector.
  - **Research excellence:** For the research sector, this is about enabling excellent, cutting edge,

pure and applied research and innovation that appropriately exploits the potential of digital technologies in an increasingly data-intensive and interdisciplinary environment. It is also about highly professional and cost-effective business processes that support research, including research management and libraries. Under this priority we will:

➤ Increase participation in **Open research hub** (ORH) services including <u>research repository</u>, <u>research repository plus</u>, <u>preservation</u> and <u>research systems connect</u> services. The research repository service allows universities and researchers to manage all digital research outputs in one place, manage research data and make it, and associated publications, openly available and track their use. The service also enables compliance with the open science policies of funders and publishers and its built in FAIR Checker assesses how each output meets the <u>FAIR principles</u> and suggests improvements to make the output more FAIR. The preservation service archives and preserves research outputs and enables outputs to remain accessible and usable over the long term while research systems connect uses open standards and connects a wide and growing range of public and commercial services and infrastructures to automate and support open science workflows. Research repository plus is our 'end-to-end' service that provides the most comprehensive and interoperable long-term approach to managing digital research outputs.

Participation in ORH services will support excellent research practice and enable Scottish universities to meet policy objectives on research integrity and public engagement. While the ORH Services are chargeable (intended to recoup the cost of service delivery only), core funding from the SFC will allow us to offer the following free of charge to all members in Scotland:

- Research Outputs Repositories Dynamic Purchasing System: enabling
  universities to purchase a research repository from pre-qualified suppliers who
  conform to sector standards around the management of digital research outputs.
- o Research data blog
- o Best practice and guidance content e.g. research data management toolkit content
- O Events/workshops (e.g. <u>Digifest</u>, and more research-focussed events)
- Reports (e.g. Research Data: What to keep, FAIR in practice, Sowing the seed: Incentives and motivations for sharing research data, a researcher's perspective and Directions for Research Data Management in UK Universities)
- Outputs from the **Knowledge Exchange**.
- Lead the sectors' negotiations for a new agreement with Elsevier that meets the requirements of SFC, UK research funders and UK institutions. We will work with Scottish Higher Education Digital Library (SHEDL) to ensure that the requirements of Scottish institutions are captured and we develop in consensus the negotiation strategy and priorities. We will ensure that Scottish institutions are equipped with tools to make evidence-based decisions about continuation or cancellation through a national agreement with <a href="Unsub">Unsub</a>.
- Negotiate open access transformative / green agreements with journals publishers and society publishers to; ensure compliance with the policies of the SFC, and funders such as UKRI and the Wellcome Trust, who are signatories to Plan S, and to; meet the sector's requirements for transitional open access agreements. We will continue to work with the Scottish Higher Education Digital Library (SHEDL) to ensure that the objectives of Scottish institutions are achieved via our licensing negotiations.
- Negotiate affordable and transparent agreements with publishers and suppliers for digital textbook content/courseware/software in support of increased and accelerated need to

- deliver teaching and learning online. We will continue to work with the Scottish Higher Education Digital Library (SHEDL) and APUC to support the needs of Scottish institutions for effective centralised procurement.
- ➤ Deliver a scaled up and fully-featured <u>National Bibliographic Knowledgebase</u> service on a business as usual basis which is an established and accepted critical component of the national library data infrastructure. This will comprise three key services (Discover, Compare and Cataloguing) launched in Summer 2019, and further services (Contribute and Analyse) to be delivered by Summer 2021.
- > Support researchers, institutions and funders in the systemic transition to open access and the management of the open access lifecycle for research outputs.
- ➤ Provide and develop a suite of services that support libraries and their users in access, delivery, management and use of content and library services. For example data and analytics tools to help libraries assess the usage and value of their resources such as <a href="JUSP">JUSP</a> and <a href="IRUS-UK">IRUS-UK</a>.
- ➤ Develop new models for the creation, promotion, licensing and sustainability of special and archival collections.
- Chair the Enabling Capabilities working group, a key component of the UKRI digital Infrastructure Roadmap governance which will focus on Identity and access management, Networks and Data centres.
- Continue to explore the rapid innovation (and deployment) of research tools for researchers.
- Integrity and ethics: For the research sector, this is about making sure research is ethical (e.g. 'responsible research and innovation'), and has integrity (e.g. is trustworthy, perhaps reproducible), transparency (e.g. open research) and security (e.g. cybersecurity, information assurance and data protection). Jisc will:-
  - Align and transform how our research services are delivered and how they interoperate for our members.
  - Enable <u>UKRI open access policy</u> and <u>Plan S</u> (an open access initiative to make all scientific works to be free to read as soon as they are published) to be implemented with minimum administrative burden, e.g. using shared infrastructure and services wherever possible.
  - Develop an options appraisal to understand more fully the potential of Jisc's approach to research analytics (tools that enable researchers, universities and funders to explore issues related to research integrity, open science and reproducibility).
- Knowledge exchange: For the research sector, this is about enabling research and innovation
  collaboration with business, civil society, culture, policy and society, etc., across all parts of
  the UK / regions, leveraging private and charity investment toward the target of 2.4% UK
  GDP invested in research and development, while recognising and protecting the unique
  contribution made by public, academic research. Jisc will:-
  - Collaborate as appropriate with Research England in the delivery of visualisations for the KEF. Develop an options appraisal to understand more fully the potential of Jisc's approach to research analytics including a dashboard looking at the factors that correlate with investment in research and innovation, which should be valuable to those looking at the 2.4% of GDP target for investment.
  - > See 'Greater Innovation in the Economy' section below.

- **International:** For the research sector, this is about identifying and pursuing opportunities for collaboration, and providing a research environment that encourages international investment and staff mobility, and that benefit from compatible policy, regulation and infrastructure in the context of Brexit. Jisc will:-
  - Provide services and resources that enable UK research e-infrastructures, especially those based in HEIs, to interface smoothly with international e-infrastructures such as, pending agreements, via the European Open Science Cloud.
  - Advise relevant authorities of the best ways to ensure a UK regulatory environment that favours international research collaboration.
- Organisational strategies: For the research sector, this is about continually developing and aligning their strategies and culture to achieve the aims outlined above according to their particular missions as autonomous and diverse institutions, maintaining compliance with relevant regulatory frameworks, responding to the evolving research agenda, and using data and indicators responsibly, being aware of the incentives and burden they can create. Jisc will:-
  - Investigate the implications of 'industry 4.0' technologies for research and knowledge exchange, and thereby inform university and funder strategies.
  - ➤ Develop an options appraisal to understand more fully the potential of Jisc's approach to research analytics (tools that enable researchers, universities and funders to explore issues related to research integrity, open science and reproducibility).
- **Financial sustainability:** For the research sector, this is about protecting the research budget as other financial changes happen in the sector, reducing and sharing costs, attracting investment, diversifying revenue to increase resilience, addressing changing needs for capital/recurrent funding, optimising the ways funding flows through the sector and through HEIs, and defending the dual funding system and the autonomy and flexibility it brings. Jisc will: -
  - Put in place a wider range of licensing and procurement arrangements that enable universities to avoid / save costs on digital content and resources.
  - > See also above, on 'efficient institutions'.

World-leading research: indicative outcomes			
Priority	2019-20 outcomes	2020-21 outcomes	2021-22 outcomes (Subject to funding)
National bibliographic knowledgebase take-up		- By July 2021, 200 libraries (24 libraries in Scotland) should be contributing data to the NBK	<ul> <li>By July 2022, 225 libraries         (27 in Scotland) should be         contributing data to the         NBK</li> <li>Library Hub services should         be driving nationally-</li> </ul>
			coordinated work
Open research hub (ORH) take up	<ul> <li>ORH service used by 25 HE members (3 in Scotland)</li> <li>Maintain current depth of participation</li> </ul>	- By July 2021, 17 universities (2 in Scotland) should be subscribing to the ORH services	

Priority	2019-20 outcomes	2020-21 outcomes	2021-22 outcomes (Subject to funding)
	and leadership of Jisc in European open access, in spite of Brexit	- Maintain current depth of participation and leadership of Jisc in European open access, in spite of Brexit	
Researcher Insights survey participation			- Increased numbers of university groups and research groups participating in the Jisc researcher Insights survey by 2021-22

#### **How will this benefit Scottish institutions?**

#### Libraries

- 57. Jisc will save Scottish institutions time and money in the licensing, acquisition and service provision of electronic resources, systems and software for research (and teaching and learning).
- 58. The National bibliographic knowledgebase is a transformative new service that underpins a set of Library Hub services including Cataloguing, Compare and Discover. The knowledgebase aggregates bibliographic data at scale and links with a number of other data sources to help users to more effectively find, access and use print and digital scholarly resources. Over 150 institutions including at the University of Edinburgh have been represented in the NBK to date. By increasing participation in this initiative, and the services it underpins, libraries can more effectively manage and develop their collections, offer more functionality and provide greater flexibility for their users.

#### Research excellence

- 59. Jisc will commit to maintaining the current depth of participation and leadership of Jisc in European open access, in spite of Brexit. This will be involvement with initiatives such as Plan S, to ensure that Scottish universities are not unduly disadvantaged by Brexit.
- 60. Good open scholarship practice requires universities to make sure their digital research outputs are <u>managed</u>, <u>preserved and accessible</u>. In response to this we developed <u>Open research hub</u>, a fully managed and interoperable research data platform that specifically meets the needs of UK HEIs. Universities subscribing to the hub's component services will benefit from being able to manage all of their digital research outputs in one place, comply with funder policy and receive support for good research practice and the <u>open scholarship</u> (FAIR) agenda.

#### Expertise needed and developed by research sector

61. The results from our researcher digital experience Insights survey will allow university and research groups to help their staff to reflect on and improve their digital experiences and competencies for research and research management, and provide business intelligence to help universities plan and implement changes and invest wisely in technology.

# Greater innovation in the economy

#### **Context**

62. Scotland's Digital Future places Scotland at the forefront of the digital economy, with colleges

and universities playing a vital role in stimulating and supporting a world leading digital economy through the exchange of research, development and knowledge with business and industry. Universities in Scotland are engaging widely with partners across business and other sectors and Jisc is supporting this. For example, the Janet Network is facilitating research collaboration between scientists from the University of Glasgow and CERN's Large Hadron Collider and the University of Aberdeen is the first university to offer Govroam as a 'visited-only' internet service to support its interactions with other public sector entities. There are many more ways technology may facilitate knowledge exchange and greater innovation in the economy.

63. Both <u>Working collaboratively for a Better Scotland</u> and the <u>UK industrial strategy</u> place an emphasis on future skills needs. Changes in technologies and the effects of Brexit on exports and the flow of migrant workers will affect the demand for and supply of labour. Universities and colleges are making inroads into improving learners' employability skills, particularly in relation to technical and digital skills.

## **Digital skills**

Edinburgh and Heriot-Watt Universities are collaborating to tackle the <u>digital skill shortage</u> while City of Glasgow college has an initiative to <u>tackle the skills gap in the construction industry</u>. There have also been innovative uses of AR/VR technology to address this challenge but clearly more can be done, particularly in light of fierce competition from the private sector with provision such as <u>Google Digital Garage</u> and even from less obviously digitally focused industries, such as the banking industry, with examples like <u>Barclays Digital Confidence initiative</u>.

64. Given that the UK has pledged to step up by setting an ambitious target to become the most innovative country in the world and increase its total R&D expenditure to 2.4% of gross domestic product (GDP) by 2027, its talented researchers will need to be linked with industry partners and the right infrastructure if the UK is to attract international investment in UK R&D.

#### What Jisc already does

- Provides high bandwidth, reliable connectivity to those organisations (science parks, local authorities, businesses, NHS, Catapults, etc.) collaborating with our members.
- Offers access to a range of digital solutions such as Govroam a federated roaming internet service providing secure access across buildings for members of the UK public sector.
- With <u>Digital Catapult</u>, we run an <u>IoT competition</u> to raise awareness of the potential of long range wide area network (LoRaWAN) technology in tertiary education. This is a type of wireless network which allows connected devices such as sensors and vehicles equipment to communicate small amounts of data over large distances using tiny amounts of power.
- Offers interconnectivity to some <u>DCMS 5G testbed trials</u> taking place at our member universities.
  These trials are exploring the benefits and challenges of deploying 5G technologies in order to create new opportunities for businesses, developing capability and skills and encouraging inward investment in a university context. For example, a <u>5G and internet of things project in Worcester</u> involves Malvern Hills Science Park, the Local Enterprise Partnership, Worcester County Council, Mazak, Bosch, and QinetiQ.
- Investment in the <u>Placer app</u>, helping graduates bridge the gap between study and employment. In 2019, it was <u>nominated</u> for the UK Top 100 Social Entrepreneur Index.

#### **Key priorities for Jisc**

> To explore where to best target our enterprise services (offering connectivity (e.g. Janet and

- Govroam), security, trust and identity, cloud and data analytics services) in order to benefit our members' collaborations, including a regional focus on Scotland.
- ➤ To further develop Govroam and increase its footprint across Scotland and the rest of the UK. To help prepare for this, we have persuaded SWAN, the Scottish Wide Area Network, to subscribe to Govroam, and they are working through a programme of deployment to their member organisations.
- > To complete ten IoT pilots.
- ➤ To continue to track developments around 5G (and the future applications that a higher capacity mobile infrastructure will enable and the implications of this for fixed networks).
- > To develop future skills needs by increasing take up of our digital capabilities service, and creating a bespoke Insights survey for researchers and research staff.
- ➤ Through strategic engagement, develop digital leadership within colleges in Scotland supported by Jisc's FE and skills strategy and digital elevation model.

## **How will this benefit Scottish institutions?**

- 65. We are open to enterprise business with customers who share our values such as not-for-profits, public bodies and research-linked enterprises and have therefore commissioned research to help us help us focus on where we can most usefully focus our enterprise efforts. Any profits that we make will be reinvested back into Jisc and the Janet Network helping to sustain the membership benefits we provide. This will help us to:
  - Invest in our range of member services
  - Continue to champion digital technologies in UK education and research
  - Help the sector stay ahead of <u>future trends</u>.
- 66. Our IoT programme will make it easier for universities and colleges in Scotland to set up and use IoT technology as a solution to various challenges. Some of our members already use IoT in libraries and for managing the campus, but we are encouraging them to go further as part of our Education 4.0 vision for a campus experience that prepares students for the fourth industrial revolution and beyond. We are also expecting to see various efficiency benefits for institutions developing an intelligent campus that responds to human and environmental interactions and adapts to meet students' needs.

# High quality teaching and learning

## Context

- 67. Various Scottish policies are driving priorities related to teaching and learning including <a href="Digital Scotland">Digital Scotland</a>, which seeks to increase <a href="digital participation">digital participation</a> and <a href="use data effectively">use data effectively</a>. Working <a href="collaboratively">collaboratively</a> for a Better Scotland prioritises a fast, easy to use, integrated system (digital and non-digital) delivering support, funding and advice to learners, employers and businesses. This will equip the workforce of the future with the data skills necessary to meet the needs of Scotland's growing digital economy. Digital skills apply to almost any career. The UK government <a href="digital skills framework">digital skills framework</a> broadly defines them as: digital foundation skills, communicating, handling information and content, transacting, problem solving, being safe and legal online. A <a href="report">report</a> suggests that the digital skills gap could cost the UK £141bn in GDP growth. Yet the 2018 Jisc <a href="digital experience insights survey">digital experience insights survey</a> reveals that only 41% of students feel prepared for the digital workplace.
- 68. Institutional <u>outcome agreements</u>, agreed with the SFC, are the main driver for quality and improvement in teaching and learning in Scotland. Further, the national programme of <u>Enhancement Themes</u> led by the Scottish Higher Education Enhancement Committee, and

managed by QAA Scotland, aims to improve the learning experience of students studying within the Scottish HE sector through exploration of themes such as <u>learning analytics</u>, among others.

- 69. We support our member institutions with the digital tools and mechanisms needed for digital to be at the forefront of addressing new opportunities and challenges. This includes:-
  - Network and network services for varying types of provision. For example, the Janet network allows for <u>flexible online learning</u> for those who may live in remote locations, or work on shift patterns.
  - Access to thousands of <u>resources to use within learning and research environments</u> from ebooks to images, journals to maps. These offer substantial savings through Jisc's group purchasing scheme.
  - Access to self-service guidance, tools and resources across a range of priority areas including about strategy and business process, infrastructure and digital practice.
  - Direct access to a team of experienced specialists who can offer the guidance needed to help move organisations forward to meet their goals.
  - Reduced 'member only' price rates for onsite and bespoke consultancy support.
  - Access to an annual series of <a href="edtech challenges">edtech challenges</a> for students and staff that includes both ideas competitions and hackathons. Also, access to a <a href="estart-up assessment programme">estart-up</a> (step up) to help institutions to engage confidently with EdTech start-ups.
  - Thought leadership including our '<u>Education 4.0</u>' campaign looking at, for example, the <u>changing role of FE practitioners</u> and the <u>continuing role of blended and online learning</u>.
  - Access to high quality information and resources for designing effective and engaging
    technology enhanced learning experiences from our <u>digital experience insights</u> and <u>building</u>
    <u>digital capability</u> services. While these are (or in the case of Insights for FE, will be) paid-for
    services, there are plenty of opportunities to access free resources and contribute to, and
    influence, the creation of related tools and resources which can improve practice across the
    sector. Examples include:
    - o High quality data and evidence e.g. The 2019 Insights survey reports:
      - Findings from the teaching staff in UK further and higher education report (pdf)
      - Summary for HE (pdf)
      - Summary for FE (pdf)
      - Findings from students in UK further and higher education report (pdf)
      - <u>Summary for HE</u> (pdf)
      - <u>Summary for FE</u> (pdf).
    - o Tools for staff:
      - Building digital capability: The taster version of the discovery tool for staff
      - <u>Jisc NUS roadmap for supporting students to improve their digital experience at university and college</u> benchmarking tool.
    - o Events (e.g. <u>Digifest</u> and <u>stakeholder forum</u>).
    - Access to communities of practice (e.g. <u>student experience expert group</u> and <u>building</u> <u>digital capability community of practice</u>) offering the chance to exchange ideas, solutions and stories with colleagues from other organisations facing the same

challenges.

- Similar opportunities are available for institutions through our <u>learning analytics</u> and
   <u>Analytics Labs</u> services, which help institutions to make evidence-based decisions and
   address their strategic challenges and goals. The latter service is also a CPD offering,
   allowing participants to develop their competencies in data manipulation and visualisation.
   Regardless of whether they subscribe to these services, institutions in Scotland benefit from:
  - Advice and guidance via account managers, publications, blogs and the Jisc <u>web-site</u>. In addition, a senior learning analytics consultant based in Scotland is focussed on uptake of the service in Scottish HE.
  - Network events/communities of practice.
  - Opportunities to pilot and evaluate emerging / additional services and products.

#### **Key priorities for Jisc**

- 70. Jisc's vision for learning, teaching and student experience in higher education is for Scotland's HEIs to be world leading in digital innovation, and for digital to be at the forefront of addressing new opportunities and challenges. Similarly, our vision for colleges in Scotland will be aligned to the work of Colleges' Scotland and CDN's digital ambition short life working group and its associated outcomes for the next three years. In addition, Jisc's new three year FE and Skills strategy will support the digital elevation of all colleges in Scotland. Our priorities include:-
  - ➤ To support the Scottish Government's objective of ensuring no learner is left behind as courses move online. Jisc will develop a project to support zero-rated VPN access to online content with telecommunication companies, with the objective of providing online learning content free to access for all learners (or a subset of learners as agreed with mobile operators).
  - To increase the uptake of our national learning analytics service within HE and explore what an equivalent service for colleges might look like.
  - ➤ To develop and launch well-being analytics service for HE and FE. This will include access to related advice and guidance such as this <u>recent guidance around the legal and ethical issues</u> of well-being analytics and its implementation, and access to a community of practice.
  - > To develop and launch an analytics service for curriculum effectiveness for HE.
  - > To develop and launch an analytics service for employability.
  - ➤ To continue to <a href="mailto:negotiate/renegotiate-journals">negotiate/renegotiate-journals</a> and other digital content for the UK education and research communities. We will continue to provide content for vocational learning (mapped to SVQ and NOS in Scotland) particularly for Digital, IT and construction, for which there are chronic skills shortages.
  - > To relicense e-Books for further education.
  - ➤ To continue to negotiate model and approach for licensing of e-Textbooks and produce three e-Textbooks.
  - ➤ To increase uptake of the <u>digital capabilities service</u>, which helps students to develop digital skills and prepare them for the workplace, as well as helps staff understand why digital capability matters.
  - To increase take-up of our <u>digital experience Insights service</u>, which provides universities and colleges with a set of surveys about their digital environments, the results of which provide a combination of quantifiable and illustrative data to help them make informed decisions with evidence. We will develop a new question set for online learners, and for teaching staff specifically aimed at online learning during the pandemic.

- ➤ To deliver to leaders and governors in colleges a digital vision for change and digital leadership programmes.
- ➤ Continue to work with colleges to improve their cyber security including managed cyber security options and support with ISO27001.
- ➤ To develop an AI Centre of Excellence, providing technology solutions and legal and ethical guidance to enable AI to enhance existing services and develop new services.
- ➤ To explore the potential of <u>virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) technology</u> to improve employability skills particularly in vocational areas.
- > To continue to work with universities and colleges, through work on adaptive learning spaces to create environments that provide students with collaborative learning facilities for both taught sessions and self-directed study.
- ➤ We will continue to develop aspects of our business intelligence services for HE & FE. This includes Heidi Plus (delivering HESA data), Interactive Insights (high value insights using HESA and non HESA data into relevant and timely issues being faced such as workforce, graduate outcomes, Covid-19 and Internationalisation) and Tailored datasets (helping members collect and customise HESA data.
- ➤ To explore early ideas in teaching and research suitable for co-design support and which will address Jisc's 'Education 4.0' and 'Research 4.0' visions, developing those which show promise.
- ➤ In response to the Covid-19 pandemic, to lead on facilitating, development, management and administration of the <u>Learning and Teaching Reimagined programme</u> with partners Advance HE, Emerge and UUK.
- ➤ To lead (with AoC) on the <u>Shaping the Digital Future of Further Education & Skills</u> programme to research, collate and share the best examples of innovative teaching, learning and assessment practice demonstrated during the pandemic crisis and establish a consensus on what "good" looks like.
- Scotland's College and University Sector ICT strategy seeks to 'promote the use of common data standards to improve the portability of student information' (paras 27-30). Jisc contributes to this by having representation on the Data Futures programme board (together with SFC) looking at common data standards across UK HE. Jisc will also ensure that a Data Futures software engine is delivered which possesses the architecture and flexibility to provide for the specific data and regulatory needs of all home nations including Scotland, plus any UK-wide functionality. We anticipate the regulatory and data landscape will change and evolve over the next few years, with potential for further divergence between home nations: our DF engine will ensure those changing needs can be smoothly met for many years to come.
- As part of <u>StepUp</u> (previously known as <u>Launchpad</u>), we will continue to identify innovative new edtech start-up products for our members and 'health check' them with a rigorous assessment process. This will include holding a number competitions and hackathons.

Priority	2019-20 outcomes	2020-21 outcomes	2021-22 outcomes (Subject to funding)
Building digital capability service	<ul> <li>38 HE members (5 in Scotland) and 18 FE members (2 in Scotland) to take-up the service</li> <li>Targeted promotion by Account Managers</li> <li>Community of practice event at University of Edinburgh November 2019</li> </ul>	- 41 HE members (8 in Scotland) and 30 FE members (5 in Scotland) to take-up the service	- 67 HE members (8 in Scotland) and 33 FE members (3 in Scotland) to take-up the service
Well-being analytics Curriculum analytics			- Launch well-being analytics service for HE and FE and curriculum analytics service for HE
Digital experience Insights	- Survey completed with a minimum return of 45,000 student, staff and professional services participants (5,000 in HE/FE Scotland) from 90 institutions (15 HE/FE in Scotland) with targeted promotion by Jisc Scotland Account Managers - Community of practice event to be held in Scotland	- Survey completed with a minimum return of 50,000 student, staff and professional services participants (8,000 in HE/FE Scotland) from 90 institutions (20 HE/FE in Scotland) with targeted promotion by Jisc Scotland Account Managers.	- Survey completed with a minimum return of 60,000 student, staff and professional services participants (10,000 in HE/FE Scotland) from 120 institutions (20 HE/FE in Scotland) with targeted promotion by Jisc Scotland Account Managers

# **How will this benefit Scottish institutions?**

- 71. By increasing the number of Scottish institutions subscribed to our building digital capabilities service, we will enable Scotland's universities and colleges to:
  - Enrich students' experiences and boost their chances of success in the jobs market by developing their digital skills.
  - Support digital leaders and equip them to plan an effective digital transformation.
  - Help staff understand why digital capability matters.
  - Benchmark progress against peer organisations.
- 72. By developing and launching a well-being analytics service, there is an opportunity to improve the efficacy of interventions addressing mental health issues. The service will work across institutional boundaries, integrating academic and professional services with data from, for

example, independent providers of student accommodation. A number of well-respected studies have now demonstrated the importance and benefits of early interventions to address mental health issues. These show that a comparatively modest allocation of resources to address mental health issues manifested by young adults significantly decreases later morbidity and reduces expenditure on far more expensive health requirements<sup>4</sup>.

- 73. While most learning analytics projects focus on improving student success, the rich data sources increasingly available to us can also be used to gain insight into the effectiveness of the curriculum. This is a relatively unexploited area which has the potential to significantly enhance our understanding of how to create engaging and effective curricula to find out what is and isn't working for students. Other anticipated benefits include:
  - Improving NSS scores by correlating low scores with module design elements in order to identify common themes.
  - Clear oversight of quality assurance programmes and their outcomes in order to focus resource and identify problems.
  - For Heads of Schools, to clearly see how resources are used / allocated in order to make adjustments to improve efficiency.
- 74. Increased participation in our <u>digital experience Insights</u> service will ensure that more Scottish institutions are able to make better decisions, enabling staff to:
  - Plan digital transformation.
  - Improve students' attainment and employability.
  - Realise the return on their investment in digital.
  - Track progress and benchmark their organisation against others nationally.
  - Demonstrate enhanced levels of student engagement.
  - Join a <u>community of practice</u> with online and face to face activities to support sharing of practice, and identify and understand unique trends in Scotland and in the UK.
- 75. We will bring improvements to the current <u>edtech</u> market by developing relationships with companies in the early stages of technology development, steering them in the direction of meeting the needs of HE and FE. In this way, we can mitigate some of the risk that Jisc members face in buying new products from start-ups by <u>health checking</u> them thoroughly. We will also connect suppliers and customers in the market.

# Jisc to operate at high standards of efficiency and effectiveness

#### Context

77. The SFC strategic framework 2019-22 aims to make Scotland's universities and colleges systems successful, world-leading, coherent and sustainable. They will also be making best use of their resources. By subscribing to Jisc, and/or using its services, institutions will be in a better position to achieve this. However, we can only rely on institutional membership if we can prove that we are operating to the highest possible standards and that we are delivering the products our members want and need together with high satisfaction. Our members will also expect us to share services with other sector bodies, reducing duplication of effort and expense.

- We regularly review our <u>HE core subscription</u> and <u>product/service portfolio</u>.
- We maintain ISO accreditation for information security management and quality management

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Student Well-being and mental health: the opportunities in learning analytics, Jisc, 2018

- system for our key services.
- We conduct an annual HE and FE leaders' survey annually measure the satisfaction of our members
- We are part of the M5 Group of services, sharing back office systems and premises with other HE sector organisations.

## **Key priorities for Jisc**

- To maintain 100% HE membership subscription in Scotland.
- ➤ To conduct a full and comprehensive review of Jisc products and services including mitigation strategy and policy approach.
- ➤ To increase sales of non-core services to members.
- > To achieve full implementation of a GDPR risk framework into our contractual arrangements.
- ➤ All key Jisc services will be compliant with ISO27001 and all key Jisc-wide processes complaint with ISO9001.
- ➤ To aim for a % annual improvement of Jisc member satisfaction (using established baseline perception), with the long-term goal of achieving 95% satisfaction.

#### How will this benefit Scottish institutions?

78. By being a more efficient and effective organisation, we will save our members time and money, deliver the products that they want and need, and build a sustainable business model that relies less on central funding and successfully creates income from other sources, and without compromising our offer to our core membership of HE and FE.

## Savings, efficiencies and value

## What Jisc already does

- 79. We recognise the importance of accountability to our funder and members. Since 2014 we have evolved our approach to present information that is based on stakeholders' requirements and that uses accurate and reliable data. In some instances, the collection of this data is outside of our control and has shown significant changes in the time that we have used it for reporting. These changes in quality have led us to adopt a more agile approach, moving away from a single global value, saving and efficiency (VSE) figure, to a set of complementary metrics that give a more rounded view.
- 80. Demonstrating the costs the sector is saving or avoiding through the use of Jisc services remains a key indicator we use. We also want to demonstrate to our funders that the grants we are given represent good value for money. For example, in 2016-17, we calculated that the costs the sector saved or avoided through the use of our services was £172m.
- 81. Our approach to reporting impact is based on transparent use of reliable data; where the data has limitations we will be clear how we have used it.

## Our new approaches

- 82. Sector modelling based on detailed analysis of sample members:
  - Findings from independent studies, supported by further feedback from other participating members, have enabled us to develop an indicative model of the sector-wide cost savings and costs avoided.
- 83. High level impact modelling based on HE and FE data:
  - o The scale of Jisc's impact on sector efficiency can be estimated overall as a percentage

- improvement on HE and FE expenditure on academic services.
- This will also be calculated as a multiple of the funding and subscriptions Jisc receives from funders and members.

#### 84. Other metrics:

 We will also report on key trends in take up, usage and other impacts of services, including carbon impact

## **Key priorities for Jisc**

- 85. It is predicted that through generating new and enhanced services for members, Jisc's impact will grow. Our priorities are:
  - > To establish baselines for the impact of new services using the new approaches outlined above and refine our methodologies to improve how we report existing services.
  - > To increase the number of services where we report impact and where relevant will continue to refine the existing methodologies as well as develop new ones. This will involve working closely with our members to understand what they want to see and what helps them demonstrate the value and impact Jisc has.
  - > To include estimates for services currently in our R&D pipeline to demonstrate future impact.
- 86. As more of our services move to a subscription-based model (e.g. FE in England) we will ensure that we are clear where we are reporting on the impact of services that are included in the membership subscription or ones that have their own separate subscriptions.

# Jisc

## August 2020